IMPLANTED PERMANENT PACEMAKER MEDICARE COVERAGE WORKSHEET						
Complete this form for patients with traditional Medicare fee-for-service as primary or secondary insurance coverage.						
> THIS FORM DOES NOT APPLY TO LEAD REVISIONS/CHANGES, GENERATOR REPLACEMENTS, or SYSTEM UPGRADES.						
> THIS FORM DOES APPLY TO INITIAL SINGLE AND DUAL CHAMBER PERMANENT PACEMAKER IMPLANTS AND CRT-P IMPLANTS.						
PATIENT INFORMATION						
Last I	Name: First Name: DOB:					
Date	of Procedure: Physician: MR#:					
DETERMINE MEDICARE COVERAGE PER NATIONAL COVERAGE DETERMINATION (NCD) and MAC LOCAL COVERAGE ARTICLE (LCA)						
A. IS THE PLANNED PROCEDURE OR INDICATION ONE OF THE FOLLOWING?						
Cardiac resynchronization therapy						
Obstructive hypertrophic cardiomyopathy						
Sustained pause-dependent ventricular tachycardia, with or without QT prolongation Reside the shidten addressents and patients with congenital heart disease.						
Pacing in children, adolescents, and patients with congenital heart disease						
No – Go to Section B Ves – STOP - Indicate the procedure or indication above and Go to Q20						
B. DOES THE PATIENT HAVE ANY OF THE FOLLOWING INDICATIONS?						
Symptomatic AV Block or Bradycardia/Pauses						
1.	• Non-reversible* symptomatic bradycardia due to sinus node dysfunction, second degree atrioventricular block, or third degree atrioventricular	ar				
block						
	Symptomatic atrioventricular block, unspecified					
	<ul> <li>Symptomatic first-degree atrioventricular block with PR interval more than 300 milliseconds</li> </ul>					
	Atrial fibrillation or atrial flutter with symptomatic bradycardia due to necessary medical therapy					
	First- or second-degree AV block with symptoms similar to those of pacemaker syndrome or hemodynamic compromise					
	No – Go to Q2 Yes – Patient meets coverage – STOP - Document symptoms below and Go to Q20					
	*Non-reversible indicates that there is no identifiable reversible cause present such as drug therapy or a transient medical condition.					
	Bradycardia that is the consequence of essential long-term drug therapy of a type and dose for which there is no acceptable alternative is					
	considered non-reversible.					
	Please indicate the patient's symptom(s) that are directly attributable to a heart rate less than 60 beats per minute.					
	CHECK ALL THAT APPLY					
	Syncope Congestive Heart Failure					
	Seizures Confusion					
	Dizziness Other (please specify)					
Asymptomatic 2 <sup>nd</sup> or 3 <sup>rd</sup> Degree AV Block						
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	Postoperative AV block that is not expected to resolve after cardiac surgery					
	Asymptomatic type II second-degree AV block with a narrow QRS or second-degree AV block with a wide QRS including isolated right bundle- branch block					
	branch block Asymptomatic second degree AV block at intra or infra. His layels found at electrophysiological study					
	Asymptomatic second-degree AV block at intra-or infra-His levels found at electrophysiological study					
	Second or third-degree AV block during exercise in the absence of myocardial ischemia					
	Persistent third-degree AV block with an escape rate greater than 40 bpm in asymptomatic adult patients without cardiomegaly					
	<ul> <li>Asymptomatic persistent third-degree AV block at any anatomic site with average awake ventricular rates of 40 bpm or faster if cardiomegaly of LV dysfunction is present or if the site of block is below the AV node</li> </ul>	זנ				
	<ul> <li>Patients with neuromuscular diseases with third-degree and advanced second-degree AV block at any anatomic level (e.g., myotonic muscular</li> </ul>					
	dystrophy, Kearns-Sayre syndrome, Erb dystrophy, and peroneal muscular atrophy)					
	No – Go to Q3 Yes – STOP - Patient meets coverage – Go to Q20					
Bundle Branch Block (with high potential for progression or symptomatic)						
3.	Left or right bundle branch block					
	Bundle branch block, unspecified					
	<ul> <li>Right bundle branch block accompanied by left anterior or posterior fascicular block</li> </ul>					
	<ul> <li>Other bilateral bundle branch block</li> </ul>					
	Bifascicular block					
	No – Go to Q4 Yes – STOP - Patient meets coverage – If symptomatic, document symptom(s) then Go to Q20					
	Symptom(s) attributed to BBB	_				

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Asym	otomatic Bradycardia/Pauses				
4. • Awake, symptom-free patients in sinus rhythm, with documented periods of asystole greater than or equal to 3.0 seconds or any escape rate less					
	than 40 beats per minute (bpm), or with an escape rhythm that is below the AV node				
	Awake, symptom-free patients with atrial fibrillation and bradycardia with one or more pauses of at least 5 seconds or longer				
	No – Go to Q5 Yes – STOP - Patient meets coverage – Go to Q20				
Suprav	ventricular Tachycardia				
5.	Supraventricular tachycardia in which a pacemaker is specifically for control of the tachycardia				
		lia (SVT that is reproducibly terminated by pacing when catheter ablation			
	and/or drugs fail to control the arrhythmia or produce intolerable side				
□ No – Go to Q6 □ Yes – STOP - Patient meets coverage – Go to Q20					
Neurocardiogenic Syncope					
6.	Hypersensitive carotid sinus syndrome and neurocardiogenic syncope (Syncope without clear, provocative events and with a hypersensitive cardio- inhibitory response of 3 seconds or longer or for significantly symptomatic neurocardiogenic syncope associated with bradycardia documented				
	spontaneously or at the time of tilt-table testing)				
	□ No – Go to Q7 □ Yes – STOP - Patient meets coverage – Go to Q20				
Other					
7.	Reversible causes of bradycardia such as electrolyte abnormalities,	□ No–Go to Q8 □ Yes– <b>STOP</b> Patient <b>does not</b> meet coverage–Go to Q20			
	medications or drugs, and hypothermia				
8.	Asymptomatic first degree AV block	□ No–Go to Q9 □ Yes– <b>STOP</b> Patient <b>does not</b> meet coverage–Go to Q20			
9.	Asymptomatic sinus bradycardia	□ No–Go to Q10 □ Yes– <b>STOP</b> Patient <b>does not</b> meet coverage–Go to Q20			
10.	Asymptomatic sino-atrial block or asymptomatic sinus arrest	□ No–Go to Q11 □ Yes– <b>STOP</b> Patient <b>does not</b> meet coverage–Go to Q20			
11.	Ineffective atrial contractions (e.g., chronic atrial fibrillation or flutter, giant left atrium) WITHOUT symptomatic bradycardia.	□ No–Go to Q12 □ Yes– <b>STOP</b> Patient <b>does not</b> meet coverage–Go to Q20			
12.	Asymptomatic second degree AV block of Mobitz Type I unless the QRS	□ No–Go to Q13 □ Yes–STOP Patient does not meet coverage–Go to Q20			
	complexes are prolonged or EP studies have demonstrated that the				
	block is at or beyond the level of the HIS bundle				
13.	Syncope of undetermined cause	No–Go to Q14 [] Yes– <b>STOP</b> Patient <b>does not</b> meet coverage–Go to Q20			
14.	Bradycardia during sleep	No–Go to Q15 Yes– <b>STOP</b> Patient <b>does not</b> meet coverage–Go to Q20			
15.	Right bundle branch block with left axis deviation (and other forms of	□ No–Go to Q16 □ Yes– <b>STOP</b> Patient <b>does not</b> meet coverage–Go to Q20			
	fascicular or bundle branch block) WITHOUT syncope or other symptoms of intermittent AV block				
16.	Asymptomatic bradycardia in post-myocardial infarction patients about	□ No–Go to Q17 □ Yes– <b>STOP</b> Patient <b>does not</b> meet coverage–Go to Q20			
	to initiate long-term beta-blocker therapy				
17.	Frequent or persistent supraventricular tachycardias, except where the pacemaker is specifically for control of tachycardia	□ No–Go to Q18 □ Yes– <b>STOP</b> Patient <b>does not</b> meet coverage–Go to Q20			
18.	A clinical condition in which pacing takes place only intermittently and	□ No–Go to Q19 □ Yes–STOP Patient does not meet coverage–Go to Q20			
	briefly, and which is not associated with a reasonable likelihood that				
	pacing needs will become prolonged				
19.	9. Specify indication not listed above necessitating the need for an implanted cardiac pacemaker and Go to Q20				
20.	Please send this completed, signed and dated form to the facility Clinical	Reviewer if the physician wants to proceed with the pacemaker			
	implantation.				
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Physi Th	Physician Signature: Date/Time: Date/Time: This tool does not serve as a replacement for physician documentation. Documentation of the patient's specific need for a permanent pacemaker must be included in the				
facility medical record, i.e., history & physical, progress notes, operative report, etc.					
FOR HOSPITAL USE ONLY					
Meets Medicare Coverage per NCD/LCA Does not meet Medicare Coverage per NCD/LCA – Refer to Administration					
Clinical Reviewer: Date/Time:					
E	Bar Code Patient Label				



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